

THE CONDITION
OF
IRELAND.
—
A STATEMENT
OF THE
OUTRAGES,
ON PERSON AND PROPERTY,
REPORTED IN THE PUBLIC PRESS
DURING THE
Seven Months ending Dec. 31, 1880.

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THE CONDITION OF IRELAND.

It may be instructive to place before the public a few remarks by eminent public men upon the past and present state of Ireland, as well as a record of the agrarian outrages which have prevailed for the last few months.

This list does not, and cannot, profess to give more than the most meagre account of the atrocities which have been perpetrated. It is universally admitted that a very large proportion of such occurrences has not been made public, owing to the prevailing terrorism which has prevented the unhappy victims from making known to the magistrates and police particulars of the intimidation or outrage to which they have been subjected.

In introducing the Peace Preservation Bill, in 1870, Mr. Chichester Fortescue, then Irish Secretary under Mr. Gladstone's Government, stated that he believed "there had been no year in Irish history in which agrarian crime was at so low an ebb as it was in 1866." . . . "The outbreak of agrarian crime with which we have now to deal dates from 1868."

(The number of agrarian outrages in 1869 had amounted to 767.)

In 1871 Lord Hartington brought in a Bill to put down Ribandism in Westmeath, Meath, and King's County. His Bill passed, the ringleaders at once left the country, and Ribandism immediately collapsed. The description which Lord Hartington then gave of Ribandism applies almost verbatim to the present state of Ireland under the rule of the Land League. He said:—

"Such a state of terrorism prevails that the Society has only to
"issue its edict to secure obedience; nor has it even to
"issue its edict; its laws are so well-known, and an
"infringement of them is followed so regularly by murderous outrage, that few can treat them with defiance.
"Riband law exerts such power that no landlord dare
"exercise the commonest rights of property; no farmer
"or other employer dare exercise his own judgment or
"discretion as to whom he shall employ; in fact, so far
"does the influence of the Society extend that no man
"scarcely dare enter into open competition in the fairs
"or markets."

Speaking of Ireland at Mid-Lothian, on March 31, 1880, before his Government again came into office, Mr. Gladstone said:—

"There is an absence of crime and outrage, and a general
"sense of comfort and satisfaction, such as was unknown
"in the previous history of the country."

The Peace Preservation Act was allowed to lapse in June, although the Irish magistracy, when appealed to, had declared their almost universal opinion as to the absolute necessity of retaining its provisions, and the change that has come over the country may be best imagined when we find Mr. Osborne Morgan, M.P., a member of the Government, speaking at Bristol, on Nov. 15, 1880, on the Irish agitation and of the duty which devolves on the Government, in the following terms:—

“When we see murder and outrage stalking in the noon-day undetected, and, I might almost say, unproved, when we find that men of note and position advocate assassination on the ground that in certain circumstances it might be necessary, then it is high time for any Government worthy of the name to remember that there is one duty which is before and above that of maintaining and upholding the law, and that is of protecting the lives of the people, and of maintaining the integrity of the Empire,

Her Majesty's Judges have expressed their opinion in no faltering terms. Speaking at Dublin, on Dec. 4, 1880, Lord Chief Justice May said:—

“For several months this country has been in a state of anarchy; law has been openly defied and trampled upon; a large portion of the community, urged on by members of this Land League, have practised a system of fraudulent dishonesty in refusing to pay their just debts; the process of the law cannot be executed, and the Queen's Writs cannot issue. . . . This country has been for months in a state of terror. It has been tyrannised over by an unauthorised conspiracy. The people of this country are afraid to assert their rights, and it is not too much to say, the law is defied. Life is insecure, and the rights of property cannot be asserted.”

In addressing the Grand Jury at the opening of the Winter Assizes for Munster, December 7th, 1880, Mr. Justice Fitzgerald said:—

“At the return from the summer vacation at the end of October last we found all changed. We found that some organization—I do not profess to say or know what it was, but some organization acting on the cupidity, the passions, and the fears of the people—had reduced some districts in the country to anarchy and confusion little, if at all, differing from civil war. Gentlemen, in addition to that, it was obvious to every one that you had to deal with an armed population. The offences which I shall have to describe to you were all committed by armed people. As far as I can judge from the official reports, in certain districts in the pro-

“vince of Munster, which we are now dealing with, every boy, every farmer’s boy, every farmer’s son, and persons of that class seem to be armed with a rifle and a revolver; and they certainly have been used freely in the commission of the outrages which I shall have to advert to. . . . I do not wish to be guilty of exaggeration or to create excitement or alarm. I desire now to express myself in calm and measured language. That best becomes one to whom the administration of justice is committed, and I should fall short of my duty if I did not point out to you that in several districts embracing a large portion of Munster true liberty has ceased to exist, and intolerable tyranny prevails. Life is not secure, right is disregarded, the process of the law cannot be enforced, and dishonesty and lawlessness disgrace the land.”

In opening the Leinster Assizes, December 10, 1880, Mr. Justice Barry said:—

“There has been for some months past prevailing in many parts of this country a determined spirit of lawlessness and insubordination, and defiance of and contempt for the law have been manifested in offences against the person and property more or less serious and aggravated, and of the class commonly known as agrarian.”

When these utterances are read and compared with the following statements of Mr. Gladstone and the Lord Chancellor at the Guildhall, it is not easy to measure the responsibility which the Government has incurred in permitting this state of affairs to continue unchecked for so long a time.

“We hold it our first duty to look at the law as it stands, to ascertain our powers; but the obligation incumbent upon us is to protect every citizen in the enjoyment of his life and property, and it may be that under CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES we may be compelled to ask for a certain increase of power, but we will never anticipate such a contingency nor imagine it to arise until it is proved by the clearest demonstration.”—*Mr. Gladstone, Guildhall, November 9, 1880.*

“One of the greatest and most paramount duties of every Government is to maintain the authority of the law with firmness, with steadiness, and without hesitation against all attempts and combinations whatsoever which seek to introduce disorder, and to teach men that the law while it exists is to be obeyed.”—*The Lord Chancellor, Guildhall, November 9, 1880.*

AGRARIAN OUTRAGES.

June.—Extract from Earl of Leitrim's speech in the House of Lords.

"On a first attempt to fence his property, after the eviction of a small tenant, Mr. Acheson was fired on. On the second attempt though guarded by thirteen of the Royal Irish Constabulary, about 1,400 people gathered on the hills in the neighbourhood and swept down on the party. Mr. Acheson, having been hunted well nigh to death, in self defence turned upon his pursuers and warned them that if they advanced he would fire. One of those people more foolhardy than the rest, pursued that unfortunate young man, in spite of repeated warnings, when Mr. Acheson fired and the victim fell."

June 19, 1880.—As Mr. Acheson was returning (escorted by constabulary) from a magisterial enquiry case, a militiaman named Meehan, cousin of the man who was shot by Mr. Acheson, flung a large stone at the carriage. The man was immediately arrested, but rescued from the constabulary, who showed great forbearance, having been severely assaulted and several seriously injured by stones.

June 23.—At Carranruane, Thomas Hessin, a tenant of Mr. D. Leonard, Tuam, was dragged out of bed, brutally beaten, and scorched all over by a fire slowly applied. He is not expected to survive. The reason alleged is that he paid rent without getting a reduction, contrary to orders of the Land League.

June 29.—Mr. David Ferrick, agent to Mr. George E. Browne, late M.P. for Mayo, was fired at by three men within a mile of Ballinrobe. Several shots were fired, three taking effect, and causing dangerous injuries. A similar attempt was made on his life some six months ago. The motive of the murder said to be revenge for some ejectment proceedings.

June 30.—A land bailiff fired at at Ballinacoriga, near Westport; the shot being fired at his house and piercing the chair upon which he was sitting. Two evictions had occurred on the property lately.

July 3.—A murderous attack made by one farmer on another in the neighbourhood of Loughrea, and the injured man lies in a precarious condition. The cause of the outrage is supposed to be the taking of land from which a tenant had been evicted.

July 13.—Three cows belonging to Michael Hurley, a farmer, were killed on his farm at Kilclooney, Co. Waterford. The former tenant had been evicted for nonpayment of rent.

July 17.—A shot was fired at the house of Mr. W. Halpin, bailiff on the property of Major Mills Molony, of Kiltannon, near Tulla. The bullet (from a revolver) struck the bed in which Mr. and Mrs. Halpin were sleeping. A notice was afterwards found on the door threatening Mr. Halpin with death if he sold any "meadowing" of Bonavaree, a farm on Major Molony's estate, which had been lately surrendered with the object of obtaining an abatement of rent by Mr. Jeremiah Kelly, a magistrate for the county.

July 18.—As Simon Pinner was returning home with his wife and sister-in-law he was fired at, and three young men, named respectively Halloran, Goggins and Cusack were brought up charged with firing at and dangerously wounding Pinner. Bail was refused.

July 30.—At 2 a.m. twenty men with blackened faces forcibly entered the house, and obliging the bailiff in charge of it to kneel, put revolvers to each ear, and made him swear that he would leave and not return. An arrangement to put Miss Meagher, sister of the evicted tenant, into possession of the lease of the lands on her marriage was set aside by the armed party, who forced Meagher to swear he would not sanction the arrangement. They then put Mrs. Meagher again into possession. The land is laid out in meadow, and no one can be got to cut it.

August 2.—In connection with a recent eviction at Kilburry, near Clonmel, the Sheriff, in proceeding to execute the writ, found the house barricaded, trees felled and laid across the road to prevent the passage of vehicles, and a party of men inside armed to resist an entrance which was ultimately forced.

August 10.—Two process servers, Collins and Cosby, swore an information at Newry that on the previous day they served two ejectment processes at Fourmiletown, Co. Armagh, and upon doing so were attacked by a crowd of men and women who took the original processes from them, tore them to pieces, and beat the officers, and they were ultimately glad to escape with their lives.

August 11.—The ears of seventeen sheep were cut off by persons unknown on a farm lying at about one mile from Claremorris, rented by a farmer named Ryan. No reason assigned for the outrage.

A house belonging to John Harrington, Knockpogue, near

Ballyduff, County Kerry, wilfully burnt down. Harrington had taken a farm which another tenant, O'Flaherty, had to surrender for non-payment of rent, receiving a small sum of money. Indignation was excited against Harrington for disregarding the advice of the Land League.

The house of Halloran, residing at Balleyheigue, burnt. A crop of turnips, the property of a man named McCarthy, was pulled up by the roots. McCarthy's offence was that he lately took a piece of land which another tenant had given up, being unable to pay the rent.

August 16.—Captain Warren, of Cork, in executing a decree for rent at Lisgoold, found a large number of persons had assembled near the farm, and he was rather unfavourably received. At one time they clamoured around his car so much that, apprehensive of personal violence, Captain Warren drew his revolver. He was thereupon struck with a stone on the side of the face by some person who had concealed himself behind a hedge. The mob then closed upon him, struck him, caught him by the hair, giving him very rough treatment, and it was with some difficulty that he got away without more serious injury.

August 16.—A number of men attacked the house of a Mr. Lawrence, at Tristera, near Ballinacargy. Eight shots were fired through the windows, and stones were also thrown against the front door. Mr. Lawrence recently had a dispute about a farm of land. Mr. Lawrence received a threatening letter previously.

August 21.—Two men named M'Cunliffe severely assaulted a sheriff's bailiff named Quirk. Quirk and another bailiff were in charge of a quantity of hay belonging to the M'Cunliffe's father, which had been seized under an execution, and a large party of men, headed by the two above-named, attacked the bailiffs and assaulted them with sticks. Quirk concealed himself for a time in a drain, but he was discovered and again submitted to severe treatment, sticks and handles of pitchforks being used upon him. He was soon afterwards removed for treatment to the Union Hospital.

August 31.—Mr. Boyd murdered in Co. Wexford.

September 1.—A number of men with blackened faces entered the house of a man named Donoghue, residing at Ahabeg, and having dragged him out of bed and conveyed him outside the house, cut off his right ear. The immediate cause of the attack is stated to be an illfeeling that sprang up against the man on account of an unfounded report that he had fired at a farmer named Sullivan.

September.—Two men named Boyle and Goggin were walking along the public road at Causeway, Co. Kerry; a stone was

thrown from behind a fence which struck and severely injured the latter. The blow was evidently aimed at Boyle, who has become unpopular through purchasing a farm from a needy farmer. Notices have been posted at Causeway threatening with death any tenant who pays a higher rent than the Government valuation. The notice was signed "Rory of the Hills."

September 6.—Catherine O'Leary, who was a tenant of Lord Ventry, and was recently ejected from her farm near King William's Town, was reinstated in possession by a body of armed men, who removed her furniture from the road side into the house and placed w locks on the doors.

September 7.—As the Rev. P. Doyle, popularly known as Father Pat, was driving along the Wexford road, two men armed with guns leapt into the road from a hedge and stopped the car. After looking at the rev. gentleman attentively they said, "You're not the man we want," and went back into the field. It is supposed that they were lying in wait for one or other of two magistrates in the locality.

September 10.—About 10 o'clock at night the residence of Mr. Charles Wm. Stoughton, J.P., at Ballinoe, near Causeway, was fired into through the window of the drawing-room, and a pellet smashed a wine glass on the table at which Mr. and Miss Stoughton were seated. An alarm was raised, but no trace of the person who fired the shot could be found. The outrage is supposed to have been committed in consequence of Mr. Stoughton refusing to grant an abatement of the March rent.

September 12.—John Martin, a bailiff on the estate of Mr. Blennerhassett, of Kilkee, and also a process server for Rathkeale district, was attacked in his own residence by an unknown armed party of ten men with blackened faces, who tied him in his bed and outrageously and barbarously clipped off his ears.

September 1.—A man named Quin, a process-server, went to serve a writ, and was attacked by three men, knocked down and kicked. One of his assailants told him he must eat the writs, and he replied that he would do anything so that they spared his life, as he had a wife and eight children depending upon him. They took the writ and copy from him, and a number of summonses, and tore them up. He was then allowed to pass on his way, but his eyes were blackened and his body bruised. He would not return for any consideration.

September 17.—John O'Keefe, civil bill officer, received instructions from Mr. Dane, solicitor, of Enniskillen, to serve some notices on the lands of Mullaghboy; he had served and posted nine of the notices when a crowd of over thirty people collected, some of whom caught him and took the original of the notices

and the unserved copies from him. They forced him to go back to the houses where he had previously posted and served some notices and to take back the copies. They threatened that if he did not do so he would never leave the ground alive. He was afterwards threatened by militiamen in Carrick-on-Shannon, who told him if he went to serve any more writs he might bring his coffin with him. He believed that his life would be in danger if he attempted to serve any more writs on the lands.

September 15.—Mr. Edward S. Hunt, of Danesfort, near Mallow, who travelled by the mid-day train from Dublin, reported on his arrival at Mallow that between that station and Buttevant a shot was fired at the carriage, and a missile of some kind entered the compartment in which he, with his two brothers and some lady friends, were seated. The passage of the bullet was traced in the woodwork, but it could not be found itself. Fortunately no one was injured. Mr. Hunt is a landed proprietor, and is reported to have had some difficulties with his tenants.

September 23.—A party of men, disguised assembled and restored a tenant named McMahon, who had been evicted, and cautioned him, on pain of death, not to leave the house unless he was forcibly put out.

September 25.—The murder of Lord Mountmorres, Co. Galway.

September 28.—A party of men fired shots at the house of a caretaker on the farm of Mr. Joynt, Rathkeale, Co. Limerick, but retired when the man returned the fire.

September 27.—Four cows were houghed, the property of Mr. Walsh, Carrick-on-Suir, who is a member of the County of Waterford Farmers' Club.

October 1.—Two houses near Mullingar visited and searched at night by a party of men. Stones thrown through the windows.

Corn stolen from a barn at Edenderry belonging to a tenant who had been evicted for non-payment of rent.

At Loughrea armed men surrounded houses of herdsmen in employment of Captain Boycott, and compelled them to leave his employment under pain of death.

October 2.—Rifle shots fired into houses of tenants on Mr. Fosberry's property, North Kerry, who paid their rents in full. Letters posted on rest of tenants' doors threatening death if more rent was paid than Griffith's valuation.

A man named O'Connor, who took possession some time ago of a farm near Causeway, in Kerry, from which a tenant had been evicted, surrendered the holding, fearing to hold out any longer against the threats and warnings he was continually receiving.

In the vicinity of Cashel a masked party attacked the house of a farmer, fired a shot through the window, and took away a gun.

Captain Boycott's workmen intimidated at Lough Mask.

October 4.—Serious attack upon a bailiff, Daly, while collecting rents near Loughrea.

A process-server, David Sears, protected by 100 police, pelted with mud at Balla.

Brady, an evicted tenant, reinstated in his holding at Lisnasharra. Same occurrence to another tenant at Killeshandra.

Same occurrence near Kanturk, when armed men reinstated an evicted man and his family.

A shot fired into the house of a woman named Calvey, near Mulranny, Co. Mayo.

Bryan Fowley waylaid, murdered, and robbed, near Sligo.

Michael Boylan brutally murdered at Crossmaglen, Co. Armagh.

October 5.—Shots fired into the house occupied by Edmond Browne, in Castleisland. The hay on the land was tossed about. Mrs. Horgan, the tenant, has again been put in possession.

James Morris, who resides near Rosenails, in the Queen's County, reports that, as he was driving home, two men, one of whom was armed with a gun, stepped out from the ditch and seized his horse. On looking into his face one said, "That's not Delany," and he was allowed to drive on.

While Mr. Blake, of Tower Hill, was passing through his property, near Loughrea, he was hissed and groaned at, owing to his having been obliged to serve some notices of ejectment on his property.

The Rev. Mr. O'Leary, Ballymacelligott, near Tralee, made his congregation at two Masses promise on their knees not to imbue their hands in the blood of one of his parishioners. The person referred to is supposed to be the largest land agent in Munster.

The guard of the train on the Great Southern and Western Railway Branch Line from Athlone to Portarlinton reported that when passing under Kilmalogue-bridge, near Portarlinton, a large stone was thrown at the engine, which struck him on the head and cut him. The driver was almost knocked off the engine by the stone.

October 6.—Desperate attack upon Mr. John Hudson, agent to Colonel Fenlow, Bandon, as he was driving from Youghal.

Six men charged at Clonmel with attacking, armed and disguised, some bailiffs in charge of a Farm near Tullamaine.

At Letterkenny stacks of hay maliciously burnt.

At Moate the same occurrence.

In Limerick hay maliciously thrown into the Shannon and turf rick burnt.

A colt belonging to a man named Murray, who took a farm from which a tenant had been evicted, was maliciously killed near Westport.

A body of men visited Aghadoe, the property of Lord Headley, situate about three miles from Killarney, and called at the residence of a man who took possession of the farms recently held by Mr. Martin Murphy and the widow of the late Mr. Eugene O'Sullivan,

who was evicted for non-payment of rent. The spokesman told the man to give up the two farms.

October 7—Sentence of social excommunication passed on Stephen Littleton, Co. Clare, for taking a farm voluntarily surrendered.

Robert Duncan, a bailiff, attacked near Armagh while going to make a seizure.

October 8.—In the vicinity of Kanturk, a number of men, disguised and armed, entered at night the dwelling-house of a farmer named Brown, living near a place called Scartigtown, and put himself and his furniture on the roadside. They beat him severely, and cut off one of his ears. Brown had recently taken a house and lands from which a widow had been evicted.

A farmer called Frawley, whose butter and corn would not be bought in Limerick, fired at, and a bullet put through his hat.

Myles Kennedy, a process-server, violently assaulted in Monasterevan.

Plate glass window in Lord Annesley's house smashed, and his life threatened.

October 9.—At Tulla, Co. Clare, a shot fired through the kitchen door of Thomas Dooley, lodging in the opposite wall.

Thirty tenant farmers assembled on a farm from which a tenant had been evicted some miles from Loughrea. They removed the crops in carts to the evicted man's house, and dug all the potatoes on the land. The owner of the farm was present.

October 11.—Lord Ardilaun's agent threatened at Cong

At Kingwilliamstown O'Keefe committed for firing at his uncle.

Near Ennis a shot fired into the dwelling-house of Andrew Mack.

A bailiff on Lord Ormonde's property at Windgap brutally treated.

Hay rick (5 tons weight) set on fire at Athenry.

October 12.—Notice posted on chapel of Keelogue, Co. Mayo, denouncing as traitors to the cause twelve tenants for paying rent.

The tongue of a horse owned by a poor man, Callaghan by name, of Mallow, mutilated and cut.

Malicious burning of corn near Moate.

October 13.—A shot fired into the train near Newry. The bullet broke the glass of a second-class carriage.

October 14.—Near Athenry, a foal and mare killed, property of a farmer, Francis Burke.

House of a land agent, Mr. Dooley, of Gurrane, fired into.

October 15.—Charles Dennis, farmer, of Waterford, threatened with death unless he leaves his farm.

A party of men with blackened faces reinstate, at night, Morass, a tenant of Dr. Gibbings, in Tierina.

Threatening letter received by a tenant, who took land near Dalystown, containing sketch of a coffin.

Three men arrested and sent to Galway on a charge of conspiracy to assassinate a land agent.

October 16.—Fifteen armed men reinstate James Murphy,

near Killarney, first burning out the caretaker and destroying his hay rick.

Attempted highway robbery near Dublin.

Burglary at Lord Egmont's Castle, near Mallow.

October 18.—Mr. Hutchings fired at in Co. Cork in broad daylight on the high road, and his car driver, Downey, killed.

Captain B. Foster, J. P., Co. Galway, threatened with death.

Fifteen men broke into Larkin's house, Abbeyfeale, Co. Limerick, and warned him, under threats, to return some hay purchased from a landlord.

A coffin was placed against the door of Reidy's house, Ardagh, during the night. Crime, occupation of banned land.

Malicious firing of stack of hay belonging to Mr. McCormick, of Longford.

Two Tyrone farmers named Shanahan fired at.

October 19.—Three men with blackened faces entered the house of W. Casey, near Mullingar, and demanded arms. Left after firing three shots.

At Tynagh, Loughrea, a number of men cut down and carried off corn on land from which tenant had been evicted ; also horse and colt.

A house near Galway from which a man had been evicted burnt down.

Twenty two ewes stolen from the land of Mr. J. G. Holmes, Co. Galway.

Notices posted in Castle Connell threatening death to any one who paid Lady De Burgh more rent than Griffith's valuation.

October 20.—Notices posted on Catholic Chapel in Co. Limerick, calling on priests to join the League or their dues will be stopped.

A field of potatoes bought under a sheriff's sale, dug by fifty men (accompanied by a brass band), and carted away for the benefit of the man decreed for rent.

A vagrant named Madigan arrested in Limerick, and a seven-chambered revolver found on his person.

Rick of hay belonging to Dr. Armstrong, J.P., of Castletown, set on fire.

Attempt to burn a fox covert, the property of Lord Waterford.

October 21.—Rick of hay, value £80, belonging to M. Murphy, of Doonane, Queen's Co., set on fire and consumed.

Quantity of hay at Parsonstown burnt.

Mr. Hutchins, caretaker, at Ardnagashall, fired at.

October 22.—A rick of hay belonging to Fallon, farmer, at Castlebar, burnt down.

Rick of straw belonging to McCarthy, Drimoleague, Co. Cork, burnt down.

Three cows' tails cut off in Tries, Co. Cork.

Four men visited tenants on Miss Jones's property, Mohill, and swore them not to pay more rent than Griffith's valuation.

October 22.—At Ballintubber a process-server forced to abandon his duty by a crowd of tenants.

Mr. Sammon, of Woodford, Loughrea, threatened with death.

October 23.—At Portlaw, farm buildings, belonging to Corcoran, on a farm lately banned, burnt to the ground.

An evicted tenant forcibly reinstated at Ballyduff, Tralee, by armed men and threatened with death if he left.

A commercial traveller, Mr. Hobbs, stopped by six men on the road to Ennis; "not the man we want."

House of a caretaker on Archdeacon Bland's property at Serahan burnt down.

October 25.—A party of men entered the house of a tenant of Lord Lucan, three miles from Ballinrobe, blindfolded and carded him, blindfolded and cut off the hair of his daughter, fired shots, and left.

Mr. G. Taylor's lodge, near Pallaskenry, set on fire.

J. Casey threatened with death unless he gave up grazing land which he held from Major Saunders, Co. Kildare.

Mr. W. B. Smythe, of Westmeath, and his agent threatened with death.

Notices posted in North Kerry warning tenants to pay no rent to Mr. Gunn.

October 26.—Several cases of hay-burning and mutilation of cattle in Castletown-Berehaven.

Mr. Keogh, land agent, hooted in Roscommon for refusing Griffith's valuation.

Mr. Foley, of Drumbarra, Co. Limerick, warned to prepare his coffin unless he surrendered his farm.

Notice posted near Galway, protesting against a bailiff going to church guarded by a policeman.

Mrs. Gore, of Derrymore, threatened, and her coachman warned not to drive.

Mr. Dorney, of Tulla, Co. Clare, National Schoolmaster, fired at three times and his school burned. Shots fired into the house of a man, Dooley, who refused to take away his child from the school.

Doran, a tenant, Co. Mayo, reinstated by seventy armed men.

130 tons of straw burnt at Mr. Armstrong's, Co. Kildare.

October 27.—Mr Delacherois, of Donaghadee, threatened with death.

Denis O'Brien, bailiff and process-server, Ennis, fired at, and one of his fingers shot off.

Cattle belonging to Mr. C. Rogers, Co. Wexford, mutilated.

Lord Cloncurry threatened.

Mr. Healy (now M.P.) arrested on a charge of intimidating a farmer named Manning in Bantry.

October 28.—Forty men armed and with faces blackened reinstated Riordan in his holding at Glounthane.

Tenants on Lord Massey's property sworn not to pay rent.

Social war against Mr. Corsecadden and the people at Leitrim, commenced.

Two farmers near Youghal received orders not to sell potatoes or use land for grazing.

Near Edenderry two men with blackened faces presented guns at a farmer, and threatened his life if he enforced a Sessions decree.

A notice signed "Mountmorres" posted on Balla Court-house saying, "Remember, farmers on Moore's property, your lives are not your own if you attend any rent office within three months. Keep your grip."

October 29.—Threatening letters sent to a hotel proprietor in Ballina for having permitted his cars to be used by constabulary.

The house of Tully, a National Schoolmaster at Crossmolina, attacked and himself stoned. Crime, taking a farm voluntarily surrendered.

Large party of armed men visited Daly, near Blarney, by night, fired shots over his head, and tried to make him swear to give up a farm.

Same night same party forcibly reinstated E. Murphy, fired shots and departed.

October 30.—A party of men with blackened faces entered Mr. H. Croker's house, Co. Limerick, and took away a gun and some revolvers and pistols, firing shots on leaving. Mr. Croker was out.

A tenant of Mr. J. Stoughton, Co. Kerry, who paid his rent in full, had a rick of turf set on fire in the haggard.

A bailiff, Donohoe, died from the effects of a beating inflicted on 3rd Oct. in discharge of his duty.

An old man, Jamieson, burned to death in his dwelling near Ballycastle.

November 1.—Six men muffled and armed paraded the roads near Carrick-on-Shannon; visited tenants' houses, warned them to pay no rent, fired shots and left.

The ears of a cow cut off which belonged to Mr. P. Brady, of Hollytown, Wicklow.

At Bruff, county Limerick, notices extensively posted threatening death to landlord and tenant with the alternative of paying and receiving Griffith's valuation.

November 2.—Mr. Leahy, Duke of Devonshire's agent at Newcastle West, noticed that coffin preparations were being made for him.

Notices posted on the gates of Ballylough R. C. Chapel, Co. Cork, threatening tenants with the fate of Lord Mountmorres, if they paid rents higher than Griffith's valuation.

James Gleeson, blacksmith, Castleconnell, warned that he would be murdered if he continued certain work he had engaged to do.

November 3.—A bellman went through Bantry calling on the

people not to buy fish taken in nets belonging to Messrs. Barrett and Payne.

Lord Devon's agent in county Limerick received an anonymous letter ordering him to dismiss his clerk; and the clerk received a threatening letter.

A bailiff at Youghal in seizing a horse under a decree assaulted, and roughly handled, and the horse rescued.

Two men entered at Edenderry, and threatened the occupant if he executed an ejectment against his son.

A placard posted on Craughwell Chapel calling on people to protest against a bailiff attending Mass accompanied by police, and to keep the D——'s company out of church till he withdrew from his farm.

November 4.—Close to Virginia Road Station a party of men entered the house of Michael Smith, cattle-dealer, and made him swear on his knees to relinquish a farm he had occupied for years. Shots were fired over Smith's head.

A crowd attempted to throw Captain Boycott into the river at Ballinrobe.

Sir A. Weldon, Co. Kildare, threatened with death unless rents were reduced.

Free fight after Maryborough land meeting. John Dunne severely stabbed; Thomas Holton brutally kicked; thirteen others injured.

A farmer named O'Gorman forced by threats to surrender a farm at Charleville.

A party of men with blackened faces reinstated a tenant at Carrickbragh, county Waterford.

Mr. Charles Dudgeon fired at on the Queen's highroad, near Longford.

November 5.—Complete isolation of Captain Boycott.

A large armed party entered the house of a man named Irving, at Keadue, and inflicted severe wounds upon him, because he paid his rent.

A notice posted up Ballycomone, stating that grazing lands were proclaimed by the Land League.

Notice posted on Mooncoin Chapel, Co. Kilkenny, saying any one taking a vacant farm will be visited by "Rory."

Large party disguised visited some of Mr. A. Blennerhassett's tenantry, Gortatlea, and swore them on their knees not to pay more rent than Griffith's valuation.

November 6.—Several threatening letters sent to Mr. N. M'Allen, T. C., Waterford, recently censured by Mr. Parnell.

Mr. J. Maye, whose house was recently fired into, compelled to surrender his farm.

A party of 100 men observed drilling near Ballymacelligot, Co. Kerry, armed with revolvers, rifles, and pitchforks. They afterwards visited tenants and swore them not to pay more than Griffith's valuation.

Fifty men with blackened faces, armed, visited tenants' houses in Clashatla, and swore them on their knees not to pay more than Griffith's valuation, and to be true to their country's cause.

November 8.—Mr. O'Callaghan, hon sec. of Waterford Branch of the Land League, reinstated in his holding by force.

A large rick of hay belonging to Mr. Kelly, of Westport, burned.

A ram belonging to Lord J. Browne stolen off the lands of Ballynock, Westport.

Tail, mane, and left ear cut off a horse, near Galway, the property of Mr. Kelly, of Castlegar.

At Loughgeorge, tail of a heifer which belonged to a man named Burke, cut off.

Edmund Butler, of Ballyneety, threatened with death if he paid more rent than Griffith's valuation.

An armed body of men, disguised, entered the house of Mr. P. Mulqueen, near Pallaskenry, and under threat of instant death took a gun and ammunition.

House of a farmer, Long, of Crusheen, attacked, windows broken and shots fired. Long was kicked and abused, and finally his right ear cut off.

Three shots fired through the bedroom window of Mr. Allen, of Woodburn, Co. Galway.

November 9.—A young man arrested at Ballinrobe, on a charge of having threatened the cardriver who drove Captain Boycott and his guard of police, was found to have a revolver and twenty rounds of ammunition in his possession.

On Sunday night a rick of hay belonging to Mr. Alfred Kelly, solicitor, was burned.

Two shots were fired into the house of a man named Reilly, at Straveen, who some time ago evicted a tenant.

James Galvin, farmer, who recently took a farm at Aughrim, near Liscarroll, from which a man was evicted last April, received a threatening letter containing powder and shot.

At Parsonstown Presentment Sessions six persons received compensation for malicious burnings. The area of taxation was confined in each case to the electoral division.

A horse belonging to one Boyle, of Causeway, Co. Kerry, houghed. Shots fired into the same man's house the night after.

Notices posted in Ballinacurra, suburb of Limerick, threatening instant death if any farmer in the district paid more than Griffith's valuation.

November 10.—F. P. Cawley, Co. Sligo, obliged to have an iron hut erected near his residence. He has made claim for malicious injuries to stock.

Hickey, a butcher, in Limerick, prevented from buying two cows from a man who had been denounced by the Land League.

November 11.—Tenants on estates of Messrs. Lefroy and Bond

received threatening notices not to pay more than Griffith's valuation.

A man named Cavanagh beaten almost to death at Shannon Harbour, and thrown into a drain.

Lord Kenmare threatened.

November 12.—A farmer, in the Co. Leitrim, Rutledge by name, attacked on the high road; knocked down and sworn to dismiss one of his men who had displeased the Land League.

Near Tulla, Co. Clare, a party of armed men, with blackened faces, entered the house of a farmer Lynch; took him out and carded him for refusing to take away his child from the National School.

Three men arrested on a charge of causing the death of one Delany. The assault arose out of a land meeting at Rathdowney.

A farmer named Leo, living at Bruff, threatened with Land League vengeance unless he gave up a farm.

A cow killed belonging Mr. P. Browne, J.P., O'Brien's Bridge, Limerick.

November 13.—Timothy Leary, at Kanturk Sessions, granted £85 for malicious burning of a house, four cows, and a pigsty.

Three men charged at Carrick-on-Suir with having waylaid and murderously assaulted Sub-constable Morley.

Dwelling-house of Mr. Gubbins, of Oola, attacked by a large party; stones thrown into the windows. Mr. Gubbins had to fire on the party in self-defence.

A respectable farmer's house in Oola also attacked.

Mr. W. Hayes's (publican) house in Oola attacked and windows smashed.

Ricks of hay and straw belonging to Mr. Hogan, Coolina, set on fire.

Mr. Wheeler assassinated.

Richard Bradburn fired at and wounded at Dunboden, Mullingar.

A woman carded at Lough Mask for supplying a Boycott labourer with food.

Mr. P. Fergus, merchant, Ballinrobe, "boycotted."

November 15.—Riot at Ballinamore fair; some of the police cut with stones.

Mr. Lenberg attacked by four rowdies in Cork.

A meeting held at Knockanrose, and a resolution adopted to "boycott" thirteen landlords.

A widow named Farelly found murdered at Clonasilla.

November 16.—Man named Jordan severely beaten at Ballaghaderreen. Crime—occupying a banned farm.

Shots fired through a farmhouse near Castleisland.

Body of armed men exacted promises from householders at Crossmolina to join the Land League.

Sixty mounted men and others with bands marched over a farm at Crusheen, Co. Clare—every wall was levelled to the ground.

November 17.—Mr. Lyons, of Ballina, threatened with death unless he reduced his rents.

Bridget Flynn killed by a hatchet in a free fight in Waterford.

Commencement of the New Pallas "isolation" case. Bailiff obliged to seek refuge in police barracks.

November 18.—Public bellman warned tenants in Carrick-on-Shannon not to pay more than Griffith's valuation.

At Strokestown fair bellman went about the streets warning persons not to buy cattle from "land grabbers."

House of a farmer named Malachy O'Connor was attacked at Cappanucal, Murroe, by a party of men with blackened faces. Shots were fired into the house.

Fermoy Land League resolved to poison fox coverts where expensive compensation was awarded by grand juries.

Four men at Cork charged with attacking Mr. Newbery, who had to use his revolver.

Captain Boycott again threatened with death.

November 19.—Byrne, of Hacketstown, forcibly reinstated in his holding.

House of Mrs. Spinner burglariously entered and robbed.

Notices posted on chapel gates, Sixmilebridge, containing names of "blacksheep" who had paid rent against Land League orders. One man, Crowe, hooted and groaned along the road.

Attempted assassination—successful wounding—of Hanlon, caretaker of a farm at New Pallas.

November 20.—Healy, a farmer near Kanturk, forcibly reinstated in his holding.

Threatening letters to a gentleman at Finglas commanding dismissal of labourers.

House of Mr. J. Liston, Shanagolden, attacked by 20 men, armed with guns and with faces blackened. Shots fired at windows, which were totally demolished.

Land League resolution to prevent Captain Stacpoole's harriers hunting.

Cattle belonging to M'Manus, a Fermanagh farmer, twice driven off a banned holding; the second time a threatening letter tied to a cow's tail.

Constable Kilroy fired at and wounded in the back while on patrol duty at Westport.

November 22.—A tenant of the Glenmore estate, Co. Kilkenny, "boycotted."

Mr. W. Lambert, of Athenry, "boycotted."

A woman reinstated by force in her farm at Fivemilebridge, Co. Cork.

During the celebration of Mass at the Franciscan Church, Athlone, a notice was posted on the gate calling on all householders to join a league against rackrenting, and threatening anyone who

paid more than Griffith's valuation with the fate of Lord Mountmorres.

A farmer named Burns, of Balla, beaten and left in a precarious state.

P. Casey charged at New Pallas with having dangerously wounded a landsteward, P. Keatinge.

November 23.—Two bailiffs on duty, Barrett and Williams, belled and fied out of the fair of Kersh, and warned not to return.

Blacksmiths in the West refuse to shoe horses belonging to persons who have not joined the Land League.

At Lismore resolutions passed at a meeting that shopkeepers should "boycott" farmers who were not Land Leaguers, and *vice versa*.

A rick of hay belonging to Daniel Fallow, maliciously burned.

A tenant who had paid his rent, near Boyle, "boycotted."

In the same district, attempted "boycotting" of a magistrate and several respectable traders.

Bills posted along the road near Lurgan, calling on the people to pay no rent to Mr. Forde or Mr. Hancock. Gun and coffin at foot.

Three hundred men assembled at Castleblakeney, and rebuilt Fallow's house.

Ten head of cattle, belonging to two men, Lydon and Sullivan, houghed and their ears and tails cut off.

Stone thrown into Bishop's study window in Limerick.

John and Patrick Brett, of Shanganagh, severely carded. Supposed crime, paying rent.

November 24.—Edward Rockett, Whitechurch, Co. Waterford, received a letter requesting him to leave his farm at once, or he would have a very small funeral shortly.

A tenant who had come to Cork was taken back by a party of men to Mallow, and forcibly reinstated in his farm.

W. McNally, small trader in Tobbera, Ballinrobe, "boycotted" and his life threatened; his body thrown into the river.

A farmhouse belonging to Mr. O'Farrell, J.P., burnt.

An armed party, with faces blackened, visited a caretaker of a farm near Ardagh, turned him out of the house, and reinstated the evicted tenant named Dore.

Mr. Daly, of the National Bank, Carriackmacross, attacked and unmercifully beaten by a number of men.

A party of disguised men visited a house near Castleisland, Tralee, and carried off arms. Other houses similarly treated.

Denis Murphy, of Kilmallock, forcibly reinstated in his holding and supplied with potatoes for the winter by a party of armed men.

Police fired upon by a Fenian procession in Cork.

Lord Waterford's cloth factory, Kilmacthomas, broken open and robbed.

Sullivan, a cattle dealer and farmer, returning from Kenmare, murdered and robbed.

November 25.—Thomas Cahill, of Cahirbullane, “boycotted” for taking grazing of a farm of Lord Inchiquin.

Complete isolation of a tenant on Dr. Kilpatrick’s estate, Glenmore, for paying his rent.

Mr. W. C. B. Wyse, J.P., Co. Waterford, threatened with death.

Two men, Meere and Tuohy, near Ennis, taken out of their bed by a disguised band of men, and sworn not to pay more rent than Griffith’s valuation. After being sworn shots were fired over their heads.

Captain Boycott again threatened with death at Lough Mask.

Captain Mitchel fired at in the middle of the day near Athleague by two men.

Shots fired on the road near Parsonstown, opposite Mr. Falkiner’s gate.

November 26.—Mr. Charles Hall, Co. Dublin, received a threatening letter, warning him that his tenants would offer Griffith’s valuation, and if not taken worms would have their Christmas dinner off his body.

A Limerick cattle dealer, obliged at Bridgetown, to return some animals he had bought from a man named Healy, under the Land League ban.

A farmer near Cahir, “boycotted.”

The house of Michael Donohoe, at Castlegarden, fired into. Crime—payment of full rent.

November 27.—Death of a bailiff who had been fired at, while caretaker of a farm near Tullamore.

A large rick of hay, belonging to Captain Palliser, Tramore, burnt.

Stuart, a farmer, near Boyle, “boycotted.”

Eight tenants, Dowra district, “boycotted” for paying full rent

Farmhouse, buildings, and crops of a farmer, in Carrick-on-Suir, burnt down. Crime, rent paid in full.

Nine in-calf heifers, belonging to Patrick Blake, of Fermoy, stabbed, and driven into the Blackwater.

November 27.—Lord Waterford’s hounds stopped.

November 29.—Threatening letter to gamekeeper of A. Traill, Esq., Bushmills, warning him to leave his employment on pain of death.

At Tramore large rick of hay belonging to Captain Palliser burnt.

Fifteen men, armed, visited several tenants on the property of Mrs. Jones, of Jonesborough, Virginia, and warned them not to pay more rent than Griffith’s valuation.

J. Byrne, of Hacketstown, forcibly reinstated for the second time.

Notices posted on Alderman Mackey’s estate, Co. Kilkenny, threatening intending purchasers of timber.

Sheep owned by a farmer at Boholo, near Balla, mutilated.

Sheep belonging to a farmer near Purrance, Claremorris, mutilated. House of Mr. Rice, Charleville, fired into.

Waterford farmers refuse to sell butter to merchants voting against giving freedom of city to Mr. Parnell.

November 29.—Shots fired into a house of a herd, Ryland, at Moyecullen.

Limerick Land League passed a formal resolution to "boycott" solicitors who act in cases of ejection.

Seven of P. Blake's cattle, Fermoy, stabbed and thrown into the river.

Sheep belonging to a farmer, M'Hugh, near Claremorris, mutilated.

November 30.—At Bruff fair, Mr. Hart, a landlord, was knocked down and kicked, and his steward, who brought cattle to be sold, forced to go back. Another landlord, Mr. Browne, also assaulted.

A shot fired into the Protestant school residence at Clifden, Connemara.

Fifty men forcibly reinstated a Mrs. Ross in her holding at Askeaton.

Mr. Hodnett, of Youghal, solicitor, threatened by letter written in Irish with death if he proceeded against tenants who refused to pay more than Griffith's valuation.

Fifteen tons of hay burnt—property of Mr. Fee, of Longford.

Tierney, a farmer near Tuam, threatened for paying his rent and his geese all killed.

David Foran's house at Tentala totally destroyed by fire; Foran paid more rent than Griffith's valuation.

Barrett, a tenant who paid more than Griffith's valuation at Carrick-on-Shannon, badly treated by a mob.

Captain Hon. S. Maxwell's steward mobbed in Granard.

December 1.—The house of Patrick Hanlon, a bailiff and caretaker of a house in county Kerry, broken into at night, his ears slit, and oath administered never to interfere between landlord and tenant.

Patrick Hoban, thirty years herdsman to Captain Boycott, forced by Land League at Claremorris to resign his post.

Shot fired at croydon driven by a farmer near Carlow. Occurrence witnessed by Mr. Malcomson, solicitor.

A stack of hay at Newry, property of Mr. Sharman, destroyed by fire.

December 2.—Whiteside, a bailiff, and a process server, escorted by police, robbed and threatened at Glangevlin.

Two widows, of Newmarket, county Clare, visited at night by a band of women with blackened faces, who carded them.

Attack upon Patrick Gilden, a process-server at Castlebar, and dangerous wounds inflicted.

O'Connor forced to surrender a farm at Westport by a meeting; several of his cattle had been destroyed.

Tenant farmer near Loughrea threatened by a party of men with blackened faces for refusing to attend a demonstration.

A body of men paraded the town of Woodford, threatening those who paid more than Griffith's valuation.

Mr. W. O'Donnell, Co. Clare, fired at through a window, shot lodging in face of his wife and child. Crime—rent paying.

At Mohill a man named M'Laughlin was beaten with sticks while driving through the town.

Proprietor of Hamman Hotel threatened if he gave shelter to Captain Boycott.

December 3.—Threatening notices posted in Ballybooley, warning a tenant of Lord Waterford to give up his farm.

The house of a man named Loneragan, near Fethard, visited by 30 men, the windows broken, and himself sworn to surrender a farm.

Shots fired into the house of Fitzgerald, near Mullingar.

House of Alice Byrne, near Ballingarry, broken into and furniture wrecked.

House of a farmer named James Butler, of Maghera, Co. Clare, fired into.

Mr. Henderson, of Dunmore, solicitor, threatened with reference to a case in which he was engaged.

Two ricks of hay belonging to James Nolan, of Tuam, burnt.

Mr. T. LaTouche "boycotted" in the fair of Leitrim.

A police sergeant named O'Connor, of Claremorris, brutally kicked and beaten; his life despaired of.

P. Ryan, national schoolmaster at Swinford, "boycotted."

December 4.—Riot at Ballyeroy fair, Ballina. Sergeant Foy seriously wounded.

Mr. Bence Jones, Co. Cork, threatened.

Men working at a Board of Works pier near Louisburgh, intimidated, and works suspended.

The Rev. Mr. O'Malley threatened.

December, 6.—Notices posted at Corbally, Co. Limerick, warning people against crossing the bridge on pain of being thrown over the bridge.

Captain Hawkins threatened with death unless his rents are reduced. The writer says the letter is written in Lord Mountmorres's blood.

Lord Clanricarde's tenants threatened with "boycotting" if more than Griffith's Valuation is paid.

Houses of Colonel Cuff's workmen, Ballina, who accepted reduced wages, visited, and windows broken.

Notices posted in Ballyfarnon, Co. Roscommon, ordering no dealer or shopkeeper to sell anything to The M'Dermott Roe, of Alderford.

At Middleton, Land League passed resolution not allowing Mr. Rice, solicitor, to hunt over their land. Crime—refusing Griffith's valuation.

Michael Kelly forced to surrender his holding at Bracklonn.

Notice posted on a house at Derryfad, lately occupied by Murphy, warning no person to take it. Shots fired during the night round Lord Lurgan's bailiff's house.

December, 7.—Armed men visited the house of Shea, near Skibbereen, at night, and cautioned him not to pay more than Government valuation.

National school near Bantry "boycotted."

Mr. Bence Jones, of Clonakilty, threatened.

A man named Nunan mobbed at Charleville fair for taking a farm.

Riot on Sir Richard Wallace's estate, Moira.

Robbery of 1,000 by party of armed and masked men from the house of Mr. Breen, of Kilmacow.

Notice posted on chapel of Dunmore, Galway, threatening any person who brought frieze to be thickened or corn to be ground to Michael Quin's mills.

Mrs. Lewis's cattle "boycotted" in Loughrea fair.

Violent demonstration at Mohill for the purpose of "boycotting" Mr. Kirkpatrick.

Notice posted on Kiltannon school warning people to have nothing to do with a certain grazier.

Police barracks at Ballyheigue, Co. Kerry, attacked by a mob.

Mr. Connolly, a Limerick solicitor, beaten and intimidated at Murroe for giving professional assistance to unpopular persons.

December 8.—Kilfinane Land League passed a resolution "boycotting" a land agent.

The Drumcollogher process-server who served Mr. Sanders' writs forced to leave the country.

The Kilmihill Land League passed a resolution that Judge Flanagan be denounced in the Press and on the platform.

Mr. Hunt's cattle "boycotted" at Thurles fair.

Mr. Hutchins, J.P., and Mr. Harrison, J.P., pelted with mud in Charleville fair; their cattle driven out of the town.

Miss Gardiner, of Killala, assaulted in Ballina by a huckster woman.

Ennis Land League decided to have no further transactions with attorneys who acted for landlords.

Michael Tuohy, of Ballina, Mr. O'Donnell's herd, "boycotted."

December 9.—Mr. J. B. Houston, of Belfast, threatened with death.

A manager of a Limerick monster drapery establishment "cut off from social intercourse" for dismissing two hands.

Mr. Conolly, auctioneer, of Cappamore, and family taken forcibly at night by 200 armed men, and forcibly reinstated in a farm.

Rev. T. Warwick, of Carrickfergus, threatened.

Party of disguised men paraded vicinity of Castleisland, demanding money and arms.

Two gentlemen attacked near Gallindine by a party of men whom they fired at, and dispersed.

Milltown police attacked in their hut by a mob.

Mr. Shannon's corn (Hacketstown) set on fire and destroyed.

Flynn, a tenant, evicted two years ago, brought back by force to his holding, and a hut erected for him by 50 men.

A process-server, James Mulholland, murdered at Cookstown.

A shot fired into the windows of Mr. Sinnott's house near Wexford, hitting Mr. Sinnett's niece.

Patrick Hickson, of Rathkeale, taken blindfolded by a party of men, and reinstated in a farm from which his father had been evicted two years ago.

In Newcastle Dr. Palmer's windows smashed in with stones and shots fired into his house.

Patrick Connors reinstated by a disguised party in a farm from which his father had been evicted two years ago.

Denis Nolan forcibly reinstated in a farm at Shanagolden; the owner turned him out, and the house was burned that night.

December 10.—Large haystack, property of Mr. Donnelly, of Enniskillen, destroyed by fire.

John Lyons, a tenant farmer, "boycotted" in Ennis.

Lieutenant-Colonel O'Callaghan completely "isolated."

A Limerick night watchman served with peremptory notice to attend Land League court.

A grazier near Ballinahown, King's County, isolated, and his farm injured for refusing to join Land League.

Griffin, caretaker of a farm near Ardfert, threatened and forced to leave the place.

Tenants of Mr. T. Stewart, Co. Donegal, threatened if they worked for him or paid higher rents than Griffith's valuation.

A bailiff of Carrick-on-Shannon, Farrel Gallagher, seized on duty by a party of disguised men, stripped naked, and sent home.

A bailiff, Sheridan, treated in a precisely similar manner at Ballinamore.

Armed party visited houses of several herds at Castlebar, fired shots, and swore them to leave their farms at once.

December 11.—Feeney, an Ennis farmer, "boycotted" at Limerick market for having paid his rents in full.

At Scariff fair Mr. Studdert, a land agent, assaulted, and escorted by police to the barracks.

W. V. Townsend, land agent, "boycotted," and forced to leave his residence at Kilmallock.

At Dowra fair some men belled and hunted from the fair for taking farms.

At Swanlinbar and Belcoo fairs bellmen went about warning people to deal only with Land Leaguers.

Mr. Justice Fitzgerald, Judge of Winter Assizes, Cork, threatened with death.

Kiltulla Land League, hearing that a farmer intended to take a certain house and lands, assembled and utterly demolished the house.

A bailiff, John Beirn, while attempting to serve writs at Mullagh, county Leitrim, forced to retreat to police barracks.

Rollyns, a process-server at Tralee, seized near Castleisland by a body of disguised men, and suspended from the battlement of a bridge.

Near Brosna, Casey, a caretaker, attacked by a gang of armed men, sworn to leave the house, then tied with his wife to the bed, and his whiskers cut off; shots fired.

A steam threshing machine belonging to Mr. Kelly, of Birr, maliciously destroyed.

Mrs. Taylor, for refusing Griffith's valuation in Parsonstown, belled and hooted in the streets.

Mr. Owen, of Bellmount, Queen's County, intimidated and hooted or issuing writs for recovery of rent.

December 13.—A landlord of 30 acres, near Losett, county Cavan, fired at and wounded in the leg.

Placards posted on Mr. Biddulph's estate, King's County, threatening tenants.

Connolly excommunicated in Arva market, county Cavan.

Mr. Owens, Queen's County, again threatened.

Notices posted upon St. Mary's Church, Limerick, threatening death to all who should pay or receive more rent than Government valuation.

Night attack by an armed and disguised mob upon Mrs. Switzer's house, county Limerick, which was entered and wrecked.

Mr. Ormsby's steward shot at Knockmore, county Mayo.

December 14.—Mr. W. Robinson, of Moate, warned by letter to discharge his steward.

Notices posted on Tulla Chapel gate excommunicating three Clare magistrates. A baker, Halloran, caught in the act.

The Earl of Shannon threatened and denounced at a meeting of the Land League.

Attempt by a mob forcibly to enter a farmhouse at Irishtown, county Mayo; the police being attacked, fired, wounding four persons.

Four men posted threatening notices on the parish Chapel and police barracks of Tralee. They were arrested in the act.

A man named Brett, living at Portagh, county Mayo, carded for paying his rent.

Mr. Bence Jones completely isolated.

December 15.—The following outrages were reported as presented and compensated for, on the Arran Islands:—

Eight sheep and nine lambs, and a valuable mare, belonging to Mr. R. Charde, maliciously killed.

The house of T. Connolly burnt.

A barn and timber belonging to B. Hernon burnt.

A number of sheep and cattle houghed and maimed belonging to Mr. Joyce.

Thomas Lally's (bailiff) horse maliciously killed.

Mr. Armstrong, of Clones, excommunicated at Cavan market.

A farmer, Sullivan, at Gorticlane, excommunicated.

House of a herd, Daly, at Ballinderry, fired into, his two dogs killed, and himself forced to leave the employment of Mr. R. Meredith.

Two pet swans of Lady G. O'Shee killed, and their bodies left at the hall door of her residence, Gardenmorris, county Waterford.

A farmer, Kearns, under Lord Lurgan, attacked in Portadown for paying his rent.

Notices posted in Roscrea cautioning house tenants not to pay rent to Mr. Dooley, the owner.

A Dublin bailiff attacked in his duty by 500 men, who took away his writs and ducked him in a horse pond.

Protestant Church of Ballinahinch broken into, desecrated, and the interior completely wrecked.

December 16.—Armed and disguised party visited several farmers' houses near Kilmalogue, King's County, and threatened them with death.

A cow killed, the property of a small farmer at Clovnagh, county Limerick.

Intimidation of a bailiff in Ballina, by a large mob.

A farmer, Fitzgerald, excommunicated at Dungarvan.

A farmer, Coffey, of Stradbally, excommunicated.

A flour merchant and publican, in Limerick, excommunicated.

Several Sligo tenants excommunicated.

At the foundation of the Land League branch, at Rathmullan, county Donegal, Mr. Barr, organiser, is reported to have made use of the following outrageous language :—" I thank God we have got rid of Lord Leitrim, and I say furthermore God bless the hand that sped the bullet."

Residence of John R. Laffan, county Limerick, attacked by a body of armed men, who fired shots into the windows. A notice posted on the door, threatening him with the fate of Mr. Wheeler.

Rev. D. Foley, P.P. of Tarbert, excommunicated by his parishioners.

Mr. R. Wheeler, of Pallasbeg, belled, and excommunicated at Cappamore fair.

Notices posted on Thomond gate, Limerick, warning the inhabitants not to pay rent, without deducting 4d. in the shilling.

Lord Kenmare excommunicated and forced to leave Killarney.

Mr. Bence Jones's cattle put into Land League quarantine in Cork.

The legs of 14 cows, the property of James Moriarity, of Annascaul, cut off.

December 17.—Two policemen at Castleisland seized by 20 men and disarmed ; a haystack set fire to at the same time.

Colonel O'Callaghan mobbed, hooted and stoned at Tulla, county Clare. The police charged and wounded three persons.

Rev. W. M'Keogh, P.P. of Ballinahinch, stabbed by the relative of an excommunicated farmer.

Reddington, a bailiff, and his son seriously assaulted at Cullans, county Mayo, on his way to serve processes.

A process-server near Dowra, Co. Leitrim, ducked in a pond, stripped and beaten with furze bushes.

John Hart forcibly reinstated in his holding near Dromahaire, Co. Leitrim.

Cattle belonging to Messrs. Green and Massey, Co. Tipperary, driven off the Green of Golden Fair.

A tenant on Sir E. M'Naughton's estate, Portadown, fired at, the bullet grazing his coat.

Sir N. Humble's cattle isolated at a fair in Co. Waterford.

Patrick Buckley's pigs isolated in Moate fair and himself mobbed and threatened.

At a Land League meeting in Westport a resolution was passed commercially excommunicating a certain Dublin firm.

Henry Dyer forcibly reinstated in a holding at Coolbrock, Co. Sligo.

Mr. C. Dudgeon mobbed and isolated at Clara Station.

Mr. Pim, of Youghal, threatened.

December 18.—An armed party attended the house of M'Namara, at Kilsallow, Co. Longford, and fired shots through the window.

A farmer mobbed and excommunicated in Cavan fair, and forced to be protected by police.

Eight ricks of hay, the property of Mr. A. Crosbie, of Portadown, who paid his rent, burnt.

A woman named Hayes, evicted 18 years ago, forcibly reinstated in a house at Carrigmore, Co. Limerick.

Mr. Hickman, of Kilrush, master of the Kilmurphy harriers, threatened with excommunication.

Mr. E. Daly, of Park, Co. Limerick, threatened by the House League.

Scanlon, a farmer near Mallow, forcibly reinstated by a large party of strangers.

James Mulligan brutally murdered and robbed at Aughafin, county Longford.

December 20.—At Dunbeg, county Clare, the cattle of Mr. E. B. Burke, J. P., driven out of the fair. On the same day two men who had paid their rent succeeded in selling their cattle, but were compelled to return the money.

Corn stacks belonging to Messrs. O'Donnell and Masterson, Ashill, burnt down.

Jeremiah Scanlan forcibly reinstated in his holding near Mallow

A poor man's shed, on Lord Shannon's property, burned down for disobeying threatening notices posted in the neighbourhood.

Mr. Sanders, of Charleville, excommunicated.

Desperate attempt by mob to sack Mr. Downing's house near Ballina, for having served writs of ejection for nonpayment of rent.

December 21.—Lord Kenmare's servant threatened and forced to leave his employment.

A schoolmaster, Ryan, excommunicated, and his school closed.

A farmer, Halfpenny, excommunicated, in Dundalk market.

Mr. Stacpoole's solicitor, Mr. McNeill, professionally excommunicated.

Mr. Reidy, Newmarket-on-Fergus, commercially excommunicated.

Thomas Brisland, bailiff, and Mr. Porter, agent to Sir S. Hayes, Letterkenny, threatened.

Mr. McDermott, solicitor to Mr. Macnamara, minor's estate, county Clare, obliged to seek the protection of the Landed Estates Court from the intimidation of the tenants.

December 22.—Mullen, a tenant farmer, shot dead near Ballinrobe.

The Milltown police excommunicated.

A man named Fitzgerald forcibly reinstated in his holding in county Waterford.

Three Bailiffs driven from a house of an evicted tenant.

The house of a man named Moran, near Tuam, fired into.

Cahill, after having sold his holding to a neighbour, was forcibly reinstated by a band of men.

Several Boyle traders excommunicated and assaulted.

December 23.—Thomas Madden, stabbed at Portumna after a Land League meeting.

The Galway hounds prevented hunting near Loughrea.

The Misses Bagot attacked while driving from Gort, and stoned.

December 24.—Messrs. Pim, Wallace, and Dr. Bradshaw, of Carrickmines, county Dublin, threatened.

Hon H. De Montmorency, brother of Lord Mountmorres, repeatedly threatened, and forced to have police protection, near Kingstown, county Dublin.

Miss Ellard, Co. Limerick, fired at driving from Oola railway station.

December 27.—The police fired on in Cork by a band of men, and one constable wounded.

Lady Lisgar excommunicated at Bailieborough, for not reducing her rents sufficiently.

The house of a farmer, Berry, who paid his rent, burned down, in Portadown; thirty tons of potatoes were also destroyed.

The haggard of another farmer, Hyde, in the same locality, burnt the same night.

Notices posted near Parsonstown threatening with the fate of Lord Mountmorres a lady named Lyster.

December 28.—Notices posted in Clonakilty threatening the life of Mr. Bence Jones and any who supply him with provisions.

At Dungarvan a farmer, Terry, forcibly reinstated in his holding. The Rev. P. Boylan, C. C., assaulted at Enniskillen, and his horse stabbed.

The Rev. Canon Fleming, Rector of Ballinakill, Co. Galway, fired at whilst driving from evening service.

Mr. Butler, J. P., Co. Clare, excommunicated by the Land League.

December 29.—Public auction quashed at Baldoyle by Land League influence.

A horse trainer in Boyle warned to leave his employment on pain of losing his ears.

At Tuam a mob assembled to resist service of ejectments. Riot Act read, and only eight out of sixty writs served.

Mr. N. Gifford, Co. Wexford, excommunicated in the local press.

Serious riot at Westport; some soldiers severely beaten.

December 30.—A sale of timber on the Gascoigne property Kilfinane, Co. Cork, "boycotted."

The house of a man named Concannon, at Claremorris, burst open and shots fired.

A process-server at Foxford mobbed in discharge of his duties. Guarded by the police next day, he was, notwithstanding, severely hurt by stones.

A farmer named Kennedy "boycotted" in Claremorris market.

December 31.—A miller named Reany, at Claremorris, warned if he dares grind corn for tenants paying more than Griffith's valuation that worms shall have a New Year's gift of his body.

At Marlfield Mrs. Dee, near Clonmel, forcibly reinstated on farm from which she was evicted two years ago for nonpayment of four years' arrears of rent.

Cattle driven off the farms rented from Miss Gardiner, Co. Mayo. Miss Gardiner herself isolated.

The above particulars may be fitly closed by the following list of Outrages in Munster and Connaught, quoted from the Judges' charges to the Grand Juries at the opening of the Winter Assizes.

MUNSTER.

Co. Clare—

- 43 cases of letters threatening to kill or murder.
- 3 of firing into dwelling-houses by disguised parties.
- 8 of arson.
- 3 of taking and keeping forcible possession.
- 2 of maiming cattle.

Total, 59

MUNSTER—(*continued*).

In addition, 15 charges of taking forcible possession, in which no one has been made amenable.

Co. Limerick—

- 58 cases of threatening letters.
- 16 of arson.
- 9 of maiming cattle.
- 7 of taking forcible possession with firearms.
- 9 of malicious injury.
- 1 of wilful murder.

Total, 100

Co. Kerry—

- 101 cases of threatening letters.
- 23 of arson.
- 4 of maiming cattle.
- 6 of attacking dwelling-houses.
- Malicious injuries without number.

Total, 134

Co. Cork, West Riding—

- 25 cases of threatening letters.
- 15 of maiming cattle and other malicious injuries.
- 5 of compelling parties to quit by violence.
- 1 case of forcibly resisting Sheriff.
- 1 murder.

Total, 47

East Riding—

- 51 cases of threatening letters.
- 22 of arson.
- 3 of maiming cattle.
- 7 of forcible possession; a number of assaults on bailiffs, and several other charges.

Total 130 [Both Ridings.]

The full totals, therefore, read thus—

County Clare ...	...	...	...	...	59
County Limerick ...	...	...	...	...	100
County Kerry ...	...	...	...	...	184
County Cork ...	...	...	...	...	130



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CONNAUGHT.**Co. Leitrim—**

Threatening letters	...	...	...	...	25
Unlawful assemblies	...	...	...	...	5
Administering unlawful oaths	...	...	...	...	5
Attempts to "boycott"	...	...	...	...	7
Intimidation	...	...	...	...	3
Other offences against property, &c.	...	...	...	...	30

Total indictable offences	...	...	...	...	75
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Total amenable to law	...	...	...	...	9
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Co. Sligo—

Murder	...	...	...	...	...	1
Firing at	...	...	...	...	...	1
Stabbing	...	...	...	...	...	2
Arson	...	...	...	...	...	3
Cattle stealing	...	...	...	...	...	3
Malicious injury	...	...	...	...	...	4
Threatening letters	...	...	...	...	...	26
Other offences	...	...	...	...	...	10

Total indictable offences	...	...	...	...	...	50
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Total amenable to law	..	...	...	...	...	3
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Co. Mayo—

Firing at	...	...	...	...	...	2
Threats to murder	...	...	...	...	...	15
Arson	...	...	...	...	...	29
Maiming cattle	...	...	...	...	...	24
Assaults on dwelling-houses	...	...	...	...	...	10
Wilful injury to property	...	...	...	...	...	30
Threatening letters	...	...	...	...	...	73
Other offences	...	...	...	...	...	53

Total indictable offences	...	...	...	...	...	36
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Total amenable to law	...	...	...	...	...	12
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Co. Galway—

Threatening letters	...	...	...	...	...	66
Arson	...	...	...	...	...	22
Injury to property	...	...	...	...	...	31
Other offences	...	...	...	...	...	172

Total indictable offences	...	...	...	...	...	291
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Total amenable to law	...	...	...	...	...	12
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Total offences	...	...	...	...	...	652
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Total amenable	...	...	...	...	...	36
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